Year 6 Wider Curriculum Map



For each of the wider curriculum subjects we follow the National Curriculum (NC), however where there is no national guidance, such as in Religious Education (RE), we have chosen to follow the Barnet syllabus. Alongside this, we have also developed our own progression of skills in certain subjects, such as Art, Design and Technology (D&T) and Physical Education (PE), to avoid repetition of objectives and build on prior learning. These are written in italics, underneath the National Curriculum objectives.

Yellow highlighting shows the topics that we as a school have opted to study within the National Curriculum/Barnet guidance. Orange text shows where a PSHE objective is also covered in another subject.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Science	ANIMALS INC HUMANS	LIGHT	ELECTRICITY	WORKING SCIENTIFICALLY	ALL LIVING THIINGS	EVOLUTION AND
Science	-To identify and name	-To recognise that light	-To associate the	-To plan different types of	-To describe how living	INHERITANCE
(NC)	the main parts of the	appears to travel in	brightness of a lamp	scientific enquiries to	things are classified into	-To recognise that living
	human circulatory	straight lines.	or the volume of a	answer questions, including	broad groups according	things have changed over
	system, and describe	-To use the idea that light	buzzer with the	recognising and controlling	to common observable	time and that fossils
	the functions of the	travels in straight lines to	number and voltage	variables where necessary.	characteristics and	provide information
	heart, blood vessels	explain that objects are	of cells used in the	-To take measurements,	based on similarities	about living things that
	and blood.	seen because they give out	circuit.	using a range of scientific	and differences,	inhabited the Earth
	-To recognise the	or reflect light into the eye.	-To compare and give	equipment, with increasing	including micro-	millions of years ago.
	impact of diet,	-To explain that we see	reasons for variations	accuracy and precision,	organisms, plants and	-To recognise that living
	exercise, drugs and	things because light travels	in how components	taking repeat readings	animals.	things produce offspring
	lifestyle on the way	from light sources to our	function, including the	when appropriate.	-To give reasons for	of the same kind, but
	their bodies function.	eyes or from light sources	brightness of bulbs,	-To record data and results	classifying plants and	normally offspring vary
	-To describe the ways	to objects and then to our	the loudness of	of increasing complexity	animals based on	and are not identical to
	in which nutrients and	eyes.	buzzers and the	using scientific diagrams	specific characteristics.	their parents.
	water are transported	-To use the idea that light	on/off position of	and labels, classification		-To identify how animals
	within animals,	travels in straight lines to	switches.	keys, tables, scatter graphs,		and plants are adapted to
	including humans.	explain why shadows have	-To use recognised	bar and line graphs.		suit their environment in
		the same shape as the	symbols when	-To use test results to make		different ways and that
		objects that cast them.	representing a simple	predictions to set up		adaptation may lead to
			circuit in a diagram.			evolution.

		further comparative and fair tests. -To report and present findings from enquiries, including conclusions, causal relationships and explanations of and degree of trust in results, in oral and written forms such as displays and other presentations. -To identify scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments.	
Geography	HISTORY AND GEOGRAPHY	HISTORY AND GEOGRAPHY	HOW HAVE OUR
(NC)	WHAT DIFFERENCE HAS 500 YEARS MADE TO THE DOCKLANDS? -Building on prior learning about location and uses of Thames (Year 3) and world trade and routes and of rivers and settlements (Year 3) to give reasons for location and development of Docklands, in London presented on accurately drawn maps (including compass +grid referencing). Use a variety of sources and chronological knowledge of past and timeline events to explain why Docklands in London became central to trade in UK, and how and why it has changed to become a centre of commerce in the present day (inc Victorians and industrial revolution to Identify and describe changes/developments in industry and transport (Underground) during the Victorian period and the impact on the landscape and lives in	-Draw accurate world maps to describe spread of German Empire, building on knowledge of transport development (Y1 + previous unit) to make comparisons with other expansions/invasions (Romans Y4, Vikings Y5)Locate accurately on own correctly scaled local area maps bombsites, shelters, ARW sites and using understanding of importance of Docklands (previous unit) to give reasons for bomb locationSelected and used variety of sources to recreate historically accurate accounts of the impact of WW2 on local London residents (including conscription, evacuation, rationing, bombing) and to define changing role of women in society. GEOGRAPHICAL SKILLS	LOCAL SHOPS CHANGED OVER TIME? -Draw maps of local area (including compass and grid referencing) of local shops and sources of produce. Building on prior learning of trade and importation (Yr 3) and Empire and World trade and WW2 events to identify and suggest reasons for change, differences, or continuity in the produce availableCan also include ideas for future development of

London, as development of Empire expansion as a concept.

GEOGRAPHICAL SKILLS

- -Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied
- -Use the eight points of a compass, four and sixfigure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world
- -Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies.

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-Use the eight points of a compass, four and six-figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world -Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies.

London, linked to concepts of trade and technological developments in transport (linking to prior learning KS1), as well as in communication and across time zones/lines of latitude etc.

GEOGRAPHICAL SKILLS

-Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied -Use the eight points of a compass, four and sixfigure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world -Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies.

History

(NC)

WHY WERE THE SPANISH AT WAR WITH THE TUDORS?

A study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066: The changing power of monarchs. To understand historical concepts such as continuity and change, cause and consequence, similarity, difference and significance, and use them to make connections, draw contrasts, analyse trends, frame historically valid questions and create their own structured accounts, including written narratives and analyses.

The Tudors

-To reinforce learning about trade, transport (including Columbus Yr2) and empire when exploring reasons for

HISTORY AND GEOGRAPHY

WHAT DIFFERENCE HAS 500 YEARS MADE TO THE DOCKLANDS?

A local history study: a study of an aspect of history or a site dating from a period beyond 1066 that is significant in the locality (London)

The Docklands

A study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066.

To understand historical concepts such as continuity and change, cause and consequence, similarity, difference and significance, and use them to make connections, draw contrasts, analyse trends, frame historically valid questions and create their own structured accounts, including written narratives and analyses.

The Victorians

-Building on prior learning about location and uses of Thames (Year 3) and world trade and routes and of rivers and settlements (Year 3) to give reasons for location and development of Docklands, in **London** presented on accurately drawn maps (including compass +grid referencing).

Use a variety of sources and chronological knowledge of past and timeline events to explain why Docklands in **London** became central to trade in UK, and how and why it has changed to become a centre of commerce in the present day (inc **Victorians and** industrial revolution to Identify and describe changes/developments in industry and

HISTORY AND GEOGRAPHY HOW DID WORLD WAR TWO AFFECT US?

A study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066: a significant turning point in British history.

To understand the methods of historical enquiry, including how evidence is used rigorously to make historical claims, and discern how and why contrasting arguments and interpretations of the past have been constructed.

World War 2

- -Draw accurate world maps to describe spread of German Empire, building on knowledge of transport development (Y1 + previous unit) to make comparisons with other expansions/invasions (Romans Y4, Vikings Y5).
- -Locate accurately on own correctly scaled local area maps bombsites, shelters, ARW sites and using understanding of importance of Docklands (previous unit) to give reasons for bomb location.
- -Selected and used variety of sources to recreate historically accurate accounts of the impact of WW2 on local London residents (including conscription, evacuation, rationing, bombing) and to define changing role of women in society.

Spanish Armada, including expanse of Spanish Conquistadors (previous unit) and QE1's response.

transport (**Underground**) during the Victorian period and the impact on the landscape and lives in London, as development of Empire expansion as a concept.

HISTORICAL SKILLS

-Develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of British, local and world history, establishing clear narratives within and across the periods they study. -Note connections. contrasts and trends over time and develop the appropriate use of historical terms. -Regularly address and sometimes devise historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity and difference, and significance. -Construct informed responses that

involve thoughtful selection and

HISTORICAL SKILLS

-Develop a chronologically secure knowledge and understanding of British, local and world history, establishing clear narratives within and across the periods they study.

-Note connections, contrasts and trends over time and develop the appropriate use of historical terms.

-Regularly address and sometimes devise historically valid questions about change, cause, similarity and difference, and significance.

-Construct informed responses that involve thoughtful selection and organisation of relevant historical information.

-Understand how our knowledge of the past is constructed from a range of sources

	organisation of		
	relevant historical		
	information.		
	-Understand how our		
	knowledge of the past		
	is constructed from a		
	range of sources		
Art	3D FORM	TEXTILES/COLLAGE	DRAWING
	-To use a range of	-To use a range of	-To use a range of
(NC and	materials creatively to	materials creatively to	materials creatively to
skills	design and make	design and make	design and make
progression)	products.	products.	products.
p. og. cos.o,	-To develop a wide	-To develop a wide	-To develop a wide
	range of art and design	range of art and	range of art and design
	techniques in using	design techniques in	techniques in using
	colour, pattern,	using colour, pattern,	colour, pattern, texture,
	texture, line, shape,	texture, line, shape,	line, shape, form and
	form and space.	form and space.	space.
	-To learn about the	-To learn about the	-To learn about the
	work of a range of	work of a range of	work of a range of
	artists, craft makers	artists, craft makers	artists, craft makers and
	and designers,	and designers,	designers, describing
	describing the	describing the	the differences and
	differences and	differences and	similarities between
	similarities between	similarities between	different practices and
	different practices and	different practices and	disciplines, and making
	disciplines, and making	disciplines, and	links to their own work.
	links to their own work.	making links to their	
		own work.	-Create intricate patterns
	-Create sculpture and		and textures using
	constructions with	-Show awareness of the	different grades of pencil
	increasing independence.	potential of the uses of	and other media to create
	-Demonstrate experience	material.	lines, marks and develop
	in relief (remains	-Use different	tone.
	attached to a solid e.g.	techniques, colours and	-Develop their own style
	clay tile is relief) and	textures etc. when	using tonal contrast and
	freestanding (finished on	designing and making	mixed media drawing.
		pieces of work.	

	all sides e.g. coil pot) workJoin pieces of clay effectively using scoring, blending and slip to create a relief clay piece of artCombine medias to create a sculpture (e.g. incorporate glass pebbles, paint/glaze object). *Augusta Savage		-To be expressive and analytical to adapt, extend and justify their work. -Use sewing skills to join textiles together to make simple items (eg. textile art or fashion design). -Use a number of different stitches creatively to produce different patterns and textures. -Apply decoration to meet a desired effect. -Changing and modifying threads and fabrics by knotting, fraying, fringing, pulling threads, twisting or plaiting. *Fashion Designers (Vivienne Westwood, Mary Quant, Stella McCartney)		-Draw 3D objects accurately, using perspective to create depth in artwork Develop skills in arranging a composition, observational drawing, drawing to scale and in proportion. *Escher	
DT		STRUCTURES/MECHANICAL SYSTEMS/ELECTRICAL		STRUCTURES AND MATERIALS/ ELECTRICAL		FOOD AND NUTRITION -To understand and apply
(NC)		SYSTEMS/CAD		SYSTEMS/CAD/COMPUTING		the principles of a healthy
		-To use research and		-To use research and		and varied diet.
		develop design criteria to		develop design criteria to		-To prepare and cook a
		inform the design of		inform the design of		variety of predominantly
		innovative, functional, appealing products that		innovative, functional, appealing products that are		savoury dishes using a range of cooking
		are fit for purpose, aimed		fit for purpose, aimed at		techniques.
		at particular individuals or		particular individuals or		-To understand
		groups.		groups.		seasonality, and know
		groups.		βισάμο.		where and how a variety
					<u> </u>	where and now a variety

-To generate, develop,
model and communicate
their ideas through
discussion, annotated
sketches, cross-sectional
and exploded diagrams,
prototypes, pattern pieces
and computer-aided
design.
-To select from and use a
wider range of tools and
equipment to perform
practical tasks [for
example, cutting, shaping,
joining and finishing],
accurately.
-To select from and use a
wider range of materials
and components, including
construction materials,
textiles and ingredients,
according to their
functional properties and
aesthetic qualities.
-To investigate and analyse
a range of existing
products.
-To evaluate their ideas
and products against their
own design criteria and
consider the views of
others to improve their
work.
-To understand how key
events and individuals in
design and technology
3

-To generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design. -To select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accurately. -To select from and use a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities. -To investigate and analyse a range of existing products. -To evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work. -To understand how key events and individuals in design and technology have helped shape the world. -To apply their understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and

of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed.

Make fish/vegetarian cakes using homemade breadcrumbs.

		have helped changeths		roinforce more compley		
		have helped shape the		reinforce more complex		
		world.		structures.		
		-To apply their		-To understand and use		
		understanding of how to		mechanical systems in their		
		strengthen, stiffen and		products [for example,		
		reinforce more complex		gears, pulleys, cams, levers		
		structures.		and linkages].		
		-To understand and use		-To understand and use		
		mechanical systems in		electrical systems in their		
		their products [for		products [for example,		
		example, gears, pulleys,		series circuits incorporating		
		cams, levers and linkages].		switches, bulbs, buzzers		
		-To understand and use		and motors].		
		electrical systems in their		-To apply their		
		products [for example,		understanding of		
		series circuits		computing to program,		
		incorporating switches,		monitor and control their		
		bulbs, buzzers and		products.		
		motors].				
		-To apply their		Use of wheels/axles: Make		
		understanding of		a working model of an		
		computing to program,		affordable car designed for		
		monitor and control their		a family.		
		products.				
		Make a bird feeder to				
		encourage problem solving				
		using levers to get food				
		and incorporating pulleys				
		and an electrical system.				
RE	PILGRIMAGE AND SACRED	PLACES (AROUND THE WORLD)	JOURNEY OF LIFE AND [DEATH	BELIEFS IN ACTION	
	(CHRISTIANITY, JUDAISM, HINDUISM, ISLAM, SIKHISM,		(CHRISTIANITY, JUDAISM, HINDUISM, ISLAM,		(CHRISTIANITY, JUDAISM	<mark>, HINDUISM, ISLAM,</mark>
(Barnet	BUDDHISM, HUMANISM/NON-RELIGIOUS EXPERIENCES)		SIKHISM, BUDDHISM, HUMANISM/NON-RELIGIOUS		SIKHISM, BUDDHISM, HUI	MANISM/NON-RELIGIOUS
Syllabus for			EXPERIENCES)		EXPERIENCES)	
Religious	-To understand why people make special journeys		-To understand the ways in which religions often see			
Education			life as a journey with rituals that celebrate the		-To identify and understand the responses of	
Nov 2018)			stages.		religions and beliefs to glo	•
	l .		<u> </u>			

-To explore the variety and importance of sacred spaces in the local and wider community -To understand the different beliefs about life after -To identify and explain the similarities and differences within and between religions in their death and what teachings they are based upon -To understand why these places are of religious responses. significance to the particular faith groups. **PSHE HEALTHY LIFESTYLES MOVING ON** -To learn about the benefits of sun exposure and -To recognise their individuality and personal (PSHE and the risks of overexposure; how to keep safe from qualities, strengths and achievements and how Wellbeing sun damage and sun/heat stroke and reduce the these contributeto a sense of self-worth and Framework risk of skin cancer. mental health and wellbeing. afraid to ask about. for Primary -To understand the facts and science relating to -To learn about taking on more personal Schools) immunisation and vaccination. responsibility, managing setback andreframe seeking are important. -To know about what is meant by first aid; basic unhelpful thinking. techniques for dealing with common injuries, -To learn about change, including transitions including head injuries (recap on making a 999 call). (between Key Stages and schools), loss, separation, -To understand the benefits and risks of sun **SEX EDUCATION** divorce and bereavement. exposure and know how to keep themselves safe. -To have a range of problem-solving strategies -To understand some basic facts around and self-care techniques, including relaxation reproduction. immunisations for dealing with emotions, challenges and -To be able to demonstrate some basic first aid change, including transition to new schools. start a family. techniques and talk through how to make a clear 999 -To recognise that they may experience conflicting call. emotions, and when they might need to listen to pregnancy. their emotions and find ways to overcome them. DRUG EDUCATION - Drugs, risks and the media -To understand the effects, risks and laws in relation MENTAL HEALTH AND ONLINE SAFETY consent). to drugs. -To learn about the benefits of rationing time -To learn about the mixed messages in the media

about drugs, including alcohol and

-To know about the organisations that can support

people concerning alcohol, tobacco and nicotine or

other drug use; people they can talk to if they have

-To be able to describe effects and risks, understand

consequences of drug use and know where to go

smoking/vaping.

concerns.

for help.

- spent online and the impact of positive and negative content online on their own and others' mental and physical health and wellbeing.
- -To know why social media and some online games are age restricted.
- -To know how to be a discerning consumer of information online and that information from search engines is ranked, selected and targeted.
- -To understand the links between time spent

PUBERTY AND RELATIONSHIPS

- -To explore positive and negative ways of communicating in a relationship.
- -To know that there is nothing that they should be
- -To know that communication and permission
- -To know when it is appropriate to share personal/private information in a relationship.
- -To learn about the links between puberty and
- -To learn about the different ways people might
- -To know some basic facts about conception and
- -To be able to describe the decisions that have to made before having children (including age of

RELATIONSHIPS

- -To know that people may be attracted to someone (of the opposite or same sex) romantically and sexually.
- -To know that civil partnerships and marriage are examples of stable, loving relationships and a public demonstration of the commitment made between two people.who love and care for each other and want to spend their lives together and who are of the legal age to make that

CONFLICT RESOLUTION

- -To learn about how to deal with conflicts as they arise.
- -To know how to recognise pressure from others to do something that is unsafe, or that feels unsafe or uncomfortable, and strategies for managing this (including online).
- -To be able to suggest strategies for handling conflict.
- -To be able to recognise and manage 'dares', including strategies for removing themselves from situations within which they feel unsafe or uncomfortable.
- -To be able to recognise how "peer acceptance" may be influential in their actions and behaviours.

CELEBRATION – supporting each other

- -To learn about the people who are responsible for helping them stay healthy and safe, ways that they can help these people, and how showing kindness to these people is a positive expression of thank and celebration for them.
- -To understand the importance of empathy and compassion towards others; shared responsibilities we all have for caring forother people and living things; how to show care and concern for others.
- -To be able to demonstrate how to show care and compassion to others.

PROTECTED CHARACTERISTICS AND BULLYING

- -To learn about the 'protected characteristics' within the Equality Act (2010).
- -To know that our behaviour has an effect on others and ourselves (jncluding online) and discriminatory behaviours are wrong.

online and their mental and physical health and wellbeing.

-To understand the many benefits of the internet as well as how they may be targeted as a consumer.

FAMILY DYNAMICS

- -To know about how families behave.
- -To recognise that reaching positive solutions usually involves consideringthings from different perspectives, negotiation and compromise.

DEMOCRACY AND DECISIONS

- -To learn about government and parliament.
- -To be able to explain how our government and parliament function.

MEDIA LITERACY AND DIGITAL RESILIENCE

- -To know about how information on the internet-is ranked, selected and targeted at specific individuals and groups and that connected devices can share information.
- -To recognise things appropriate to share and things that should not be shared on social media; rules around distributing images.
- -To learn about how text and images in the media and on social media can be manipulated or invented; strategies to evaluate the reliability of sources and identify misinformation.
- -To understand the law around sharing images.
- -To look at current media campaigns including how images can be manipulated and content can be targeted.

commitment.

- -To know that forcing anyone to marry against their will is a crime; that help and support is available to people who areworried about this for themselves or others.
- -To appreciate there are different types of love e.g. parental love, partner love, friendship love etc.
- -To be aware that marriage and civil partnerships are a commitment freely entered into by both people and that noone should enter into if they don't absolutely want to do so.

MONEY AND ME

- -To learn about the role money plays in their own and others' lives, including the impact it can have on people's feelings and emotions.
- -To learn about risks associated with money including different ways money can won or lost through gambling-related activities (including online) and the impact this has on health, wellbeing andfuture aspirations.
- -To learn about enterprise and the skills that make someone 'enterprising'.
- -To develop an initial understanding of the concepts of 'interest', 'loan', 'debt', and 'tax' (e.g. their contribution to society through the payment of VAT).
- -To consider the links between money and wellbeing including knowledge around the risks of gambling (on and offline).

ASPIRATIONS, WORK AND CAREER

-To know that some jobs are paid more than others and money is one factor which may

-To learn about prejudice; how to recognise
behaviours/actions which discriminate against
others; ways of responding to it if witnessed or
experienced.

-To understand about bullying and discrimination and the effect of these onothers and themselves.

-To design a positive media campaign aimed at children.

influence a person's job or career choice; that people may choose to do voluntary work which is unpaid.

- -To identify the kind of job they might like to do when they are older.
- -To recognise a variety of routes into careers (e.g. college, apprenticeship, university)
- -To have an understanding about a variety of different jobs/careers and the possible routes to these.
- -To have an understanding that having a job will allow me to achieve certain goals in my life including financial ones.

Computing

(Purple Mash)

Information Technology

- -To use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content.
- -To understand computer networks, including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the World Wide Web, and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration

Computing skills

Computer Science

-To design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts. -To use sequence, selection and repetition in programs: work with variables and various forms of input and output. -To use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs.

Computing skills

-To turn a more complex programming task into an algorithm by identifying the important aspects of the task (abstraction) and then

Computer Science

-To design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts.
-To use sequence, selection and repetition in programs; work with variables and various

- forms of input and output.
 -To use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and
- simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs.

Digital Literacy

-To understand computer networks, including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the World Wide Web, and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration
-To use technology safely, respectfully and

respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/ unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concern about content and contact.

Computing skills

- -To understand and explain in some depth the difference between the internet and the World Wide Web.
- -To know what a WAN and LAN are and describe how they access the Internet in school.

Computer Science

-To design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts.

-To use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs.

Computing skills

-To turn a more complex programming task into an algorithm by identifying the important aspects of the task (abstraction) and then decomposing them in a logical way using their knowledge of possible coding structures and

Information Technology

-To select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information.

Computing skills

- -To make clear connections to the audience when designing and creating digital content.
- -To design and create their own blogs to become a content creator on the Internet.

- -To readily apply filters when searching for digital content.
- -To explain in detail how credible a webpage is and the information it contains.
- -To compare a range of digital content sources and rate them in terms of content quality and accuracy.
- -To use critical thinking skills in everyday use of online communication.
- -To understand and explain in some depth the difference between the internet and the World Wide Web.
- -To know what a WAN and LAN are and describe how they access the Internet in school.

Purple Mash Module: Unit 6.2 Online Safety

decomposing them in a logical way using their knowledge of possible coding structures and applying skills from previous programs.

- -To test and debug their program as they go and use logical methods to identify the cause of bugs, demonstrating a systematic approach to try to identify a particular line of code causing a problem.
- -To translate algorithms that include sequence, selection and repetition into code and their own designs show that they are thinking of how to accomplish the set task in code utilising such structures, including nesting structures within each other.

Purple Mash Module: Unit 6.1 Coding using 2Code

Computing skills

- -To interpret a program in parts and make logical attempts to put the separate parts of a complex algorithm together to explain the program as a whole. -To display an improving understanding of variables in coding, outputs such as sound and movement, inputs from the user of the program such as button clicks and the value of functions. -To demonstrate the safe and respectful use of a range of different technologies and online services. -To identify more discreet inappropriate behaviours through developing critical thinking.
- -To readily apply filters when searching for digital content.
- -To explain in detail how credible a webpage is and the information it contains.
- -To use critical thinking skills in everyday use of online communication.

Purple Mash Module: Unit 6.4 Blogging

applying skills from previous programs.

-To test and debug their program as they go and use logical methods to identify the cause of bugs, demonstrating a systematic approach to try to identify a particular line of code causing a problem.

Purple Mash Module: Unit Understanding Binary

-To use criteria to evaluate the quality of digital solutions and identify improvements, making some refinements.

Purple Mash Module: Unit 6.9 Spreadsheets (with Google sheets)

Purple Mash Module:

-To recognise the value in preserving their privacy when online for their own and other people's

safety.

Unit 6.5 Text Adventures

PE (GM)

(NC and skills progression)

Invasion Games (Football)

-To use running,

- jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination.

 -To play competitive games, modified where
- -To play competitive games, modified where appropriate and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending.
- -To play effectively in a variety of positions and formations on the pitch.
- -To relate a greater number of attacking and defensive tactics to game play.
- -To become more skilful when performing movements at speed.
- -To choose and implement a range of strategies to attack and defend.
- -To perform a wider range of more complex skills.
- -To recognise and describe good individual and team performances.

Invasion Games (Netball)

- -To use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination.
- -To play competitive games, modified where appropriate and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending.
- -To be able to confidently use specific netball skills in games for example: pivoting, dodging, bounce pass and previously learnt skills.
- -To begin to play effectively in different positions on the pitch in both attack and defence.
- -To increase power and strength of passes, moving the ball over longer distances.
- -To work as a team to improve group tactics and game play.
- -To play within the rules using blocking skills for shots and passes.
- -To develop defensive skills.

Gymnastics

- -To develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance.
 -To compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.
- -To lead group warm up showing understanding of need for strength and flexibility.
- -To demonstrate accuracy, consistency and clarity of movement. -To work
- independently and in small groups to make up own sequences. -To arrange own apparatus to enhance
- work and vary compositional ideas. -To experience flight on and off of high apparatus.
- -To perform increasingly complex sequences.
- -To combine own ideas with others to build sequences.

Athletics

- -To develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance.
- -To compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.
- -To investigate running styles and changes of speed.
- -To practise throwing with power and accuracy.
- -To throw safely and with understanding.
- -To demonstrate good running technique in a competitive situation.
- -To explore different footwork patterns.
- -To understand which technique is most effective when jumping for distance.
- -To utilise all the skills learned in this unit in a competitive situation.

Net Wall Games (Tennis)

- -To use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination.
- -To play competitive games, modified where appropriate and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending.
- -To introduce Volley shots and Overhead shots.
- -To apply new shots into game situations.
 -To play with others to score and defend points in competitive games.
- -To further explore Tennis service rules.
- -To develop backhand shots.
- -To introduce the lob.
- -To begin to use full tennis scoring systems.
- -To continue developing doubles play and tactics to improve.

Striking and Fielding Games (Cricket)

- -To use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination.
- -To play competitive games, modified where appropriate and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending.
- -To link together a range of skills and use in combination.
- -To collaborate as a team to choose, use and adapt rules in games.
- -To recognise how some aspects of fitness apply to cricket e.g. power, flexibility and cardiovascular endurance.
- -To apply with consistency standard cricket rules in a variety of different styles of games.
- -To attempt a small range of recognised shots in isolation and in competitive scenarios. -To use a range of tactics for attacking and defending in role of

	-To suggest, plan and lead simple drills for given skills.		-To compose and practise actions and relate to musicTo show a desire to improve competency across a broad range of gymnastics actions.			bowler, batter and fielder.
PE (CT)	Fitness -To compare their	Gymnastics -To develop flexibility,	Dance -To perform dances	Outdoor and Adventurous Activities	Athletics -To develop flexibility,	Dance -To perform dances using
(NC and skills progression)	performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best.	strength, technique, control and balanceTo compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal bestTo lead group warm up showing understanding of need for strength and flexibilityTo demonstrate accuracy, consistency and clarity of movementTo work independently and in small groups to make up own sequencesTo arrange own apparatus to enhance work and vary compositional ideasTo experience flight on and off of high apparatus.	using a range of movement patterns. -To compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best. -To work collaboratively to include more complex compositional ideas. -To develop motifs and incorporate into self-composed dances as individuals, pairs & groups. -To talk about different styles of dance with understanding, using	-To take part in outdoor and adventurous activity challenges both individually and within a team.	strength, technique, control and balanceTo compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best. -To investigate running styles and changes of speedTo practise throwing with power and accuracyTo throw safely and with understandingTo demonstrate good running technique in a competitive situationTo explore different footwork patterns.	a range of movement patterns. -To compare their performances with previous ones and demonstrate improvement to achieve their personal best. -To work collaboratively to include more complex compositional ideas. -To develop motifs and incorporate into selfcomposed dances as individuals, pairs & groups. -To talk about different styles of dance with understanding, using appropriate language & terminology.
		-To perform increasingly complex sequences.	appropriate language & terminology.		-To understand which technique is most	

		-To combine own ideas			effective when jumping	
		with others to build			for distance.	
		sequences.			-To utilise all the skills	
		-To compose and practise			learned in this unit in a	
		actions and relate to music.			competitive situation.	
		-To show a desire to				
		improve competency				
		across a broad range of				
		gymnastics actions.				
Music	-To play and perform in	-To play and perform in	-To play and perform	-To play and perform in	-To play and perform in	-To play and perform in
	solo and ensemble	solo and ensemble	in solo and ensemble	solo and ensemble	solo and ensemble	solo and ensemble
(NC and	contexts, using their	contexts, using their voices	contexts, using their	contexts, using their voices	contexts, using their	contexts, using their
skills	voices and playing	and playing musical	voices and playing	and playing musical	voices and playing	voices and playing
progression)	musical instruments	instruments with	musical instruments	instruments with increasing	musical instruments	musical instruments with
	with increasing	increasing accuracy,	with increasing	accuracy, fluency, control	with increasing	increasing accuracy,
	accuracy, fluency,	fluency, control and	accuracy, fluency,	and expression.	accuracy, fluency,	fluency, control and
	control and expression.	expression.	control and	-To improvise and compose	control and expression.	expression.
	-To improvise and	-To improvise and	expression.	music for a range of	-To improvise and	-To improvise and
	compose music for a	compose music for a range	-To improvise and	purposes using the inter-	compose music for a	compose music for a
	range of purposes	of purposes using the	compose music for a	related dimensions of	range of purposes using	range of purposes using
	using the inter-related	inter-related dimensions of	range of purposes	music.	the inter-related	the inter-related
	dimensions of music.	music.	using the inter-related	-To listen with attention to	dimensions of music.	dimensions of music.
	-To listen with	-To listen with attention to	dimensions of music.	detail and recall sounds	-To listen with attention	-To listen with attention
	attention to detail and	detail and recall sounds	-To listen with	with increasing aural	to detail and recall	to detail and recall
	recall sounds with	with increasing aural	attention to detail and	memory.	sounds with increasing	sounds with increasing
	increasing aural	memory.	recall sounds with	-To use and understand	aural memory.	aural memory.
	memory.	-To use and understand	increasing aural	staff and other musical	-To use and understand	-To use and understand
	-To use and	staff and other musical	memory.	notations.	staff and other musical	staff and other musical
	understand staff and	notations.	-To use and	-To appreciate and	notations.	notations.
	other musical	-To appreciate and	understand staff and	understand a wide range of	-To appreciate and	-To appreciate and
	notations.	understand a wide range	other musical	high-quality live and	understand a wide	understand a wide range
	-To appreciate and	of high-quality live and	notations.	recorded music drawn from	range of high-quality	of high-quality live and
	understand a wide	recorded music drawn	-To appreciate and	different traditions and	live and recorded music	recorded music drawn
	range of high-quality	from different traditions	understand a wide	from great composers and	drawn from different	from different traditions
	live and recorded	and from great composers	range of high-quality	musicians.	traditions and from	and from great
	music drawn from	and musicians.	live and recorded		great composers and	composers and
	different traditions and		music drawn from		musicians.	musicians.

-To develop an -To develop an -To develop an from great composers different traditions -To develop an and musicians. understanding of the and from great understanding of the understanding of the understanding of the history of music. history of music. -To develop an composers and history of music. history of music. understanding of the musicians. history of music. **Singing:** sing with a sense -To develop an **Singing:** sing with a sense Singing: sing with a **Singing:** sing with a sense of ensemble of ensemble observing understanding of the of ensemble observing sense of ensemble Sinaina: sina with a rhythm, phrasing, accurate history of music. rhythm, phrasina, accurate observing rhythm. observing rhythm, sense of ensemble pitching and appropriate pitching and appropriate phrasing, accurate phrasing, accurate observing rhythm, style. Homophonic Singing: sing with a style. Homophonic pitching and pitching and appropriate harmony. Rehearsal and sense of ensemble harmony. Rehearsal and phrasing, accurate appropriate style. style. Homophonic performance. observing rhythm, performance. Homophonic harmony. harmony. Rehearsal and pitching and Musicianship: apply their Musicianship: apply their appropriate style. phrasing, accurate Rehearsal and performance. Homophonic harmony. range of musical pitching and range of musical knowledge performance. Musicianship: apply their Rehearsal and knowledge to appropriate style. to improvisation and Musicianship: apply range of musical improvisation and Homophonic composition to evoke an their range of musical knowledge to performance. harmony. Rehearsal Musicianship: apply composition to evoke an atmosphere, mood or knowledge to improvisation and their range of musical and performance. atmosphere, mood or genre. improvisation and composition to evoke an **Notation:** Reinforce and knowledge to **Musicianship:** apply composition to evoke atmosphere, mood or aenre. **Notation:** Reinforce and improvisation and their range of musical improve fluency with an atmosphere, mood genre. improve fluency with **Notation:** Reinforce and composition to evoke knowledge to conventional notation. or genre. **Notation:** Reinforce and an atmosphere, mood conventional notation. improvisation and Read rhythm pieces with improve fluency with Read rhythm pieces with composition to evoke more than one part. Simple improve fluency with or genre. conventional notation. **Notation:** Reinforce an atmosphere, mood Read rhythm pieces with more than one part. drum notation. conventional notation. and improve fluency Simple drum notation. or genre. Read rhythm pieces more than one part. **Notation:** Reinforce Music Technology with conventional with more than one Simple drum notation. **Chair Drumming** and improve fluency part. Simple drum notation. Read rhythm Year 6 Production pieces with more than with conventional notation. one part. Simple drum notation. Read Class Orchestra notation. rhythm pieces with more than one part. Samba Simple drum notation. Suspense -To listen attentively to spoken language and show -To listen attentively to spoken language and show -To listen attentively to spoken language and show **MFL** understanding by joining in and responding. -To understanding by joining in and responding. -To understanding by joining in and responding. -To explore the patterns and sounds of language through explore the patterns and sounds of language through explore the patterns and sounds of language

(NC and skills progression)

songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words.

- -To engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions and respond to those of others; seek clarification and help.
- -To speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures.
- -To develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases.
- -To present ideas and information orally to a range of audiences.
- -To read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing.
- -To appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language.
- -To broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary.
- -To write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly.
- -To describe people, places, things and actions orally and in writing.
- -To understand basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied, including (where relevant): feminine, masculine and neuter forms and the conjugation of high-frequency verbs; key features and patterns of the language; how to apply these, for instance, to build sentences; and how these differ from or are similar to English.
- -To understand a short spoken passage made up of familiar words and basic phrases concerning self, people, places or simple actions when people speak slowly and clearly.

songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words.

- -To engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions and respond to those of others; seek clarification and help.
- -To speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures.
- -To develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases.
- -To present ideas and information orally to a range of audiences.
- -To read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing.
- -To appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language.
- -To broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary.
- -To write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly.
- -To describe people, places, things and actions orally and in writing.
- -To understand basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied, including (where relevant): feminine, masculine and neuter forms and the conjugation of high-frequency verbs; key features and patterns of the language; how to apply these, for instance, to build sentences; and how these differ from or are similar to English.
- -To write sentences on a few topics using a model, a writing frame, sentence starters etc.
- -To use correct gender articles, demonstrating knowledge of the patterns learnt, with admissible frequent errors and omissions in independent use.

through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words.

- -To engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions and respond to those of others; seek clarification and help.
- -To speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures.
- -To develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases.
- -To present ideas and information orally to a range of audiences.
- -To read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing.
- -To appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language.
- -To broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary.
- -To write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly.
- -To describe people, places, things and actions orally and in writing.
- -To understand basic grammar appropriate to the language being studied, including (where relevant): feminine, masculine and neuter forms and the conjugation of high-frequency verbs; key features and patterns of the language; how to apply these, for instance, to build sentences; and how these differ from or are similar to English.
- -To appreciate that Spanish words do not always have a direct equivalent in English.
- -To write a short simple text from memory, using simple sentences from one familiar topic with reasonable spelling.

- -To write individual words accurately, building them from written syllables.
- -To write individual words from his/her oral vocabulary, with understandable spelling, when delivery is slow, clear and repeated.
- -To ask and answer simple questions on a few very familiar topics, including expressing opinions and responding to those of others
- -To use simple phrases and sentences independently to describe people, places, things and actions, with good pronunciation.
- -To read words and phrases from his/her oral vocabulary (as well as new words) aloud with understandable pronunciation, applying phonics knowledge.
- -To understand a short text made up of short sentences with familiar language on a familiar topic.

- -To produce from memory familiar short sections of known stories, songs, rhymes and poems when listening to source material.
- -To use a repertoire of classroom language with teachers and peers.
- -To spot new words introduced into a short text made up of familiar material and use the surrounding words to guess their meaning.
- -To use a dictionary or word list to look up unknown nouns and adjectives, check the gender of nouns and the spelling of familiar words.

- -To use high frequency verb forms, nouns, articles and adjectives to form simple sentences.
- -To use correct articles for singular and plural, demonstrating knowledge of the patterns learnt, with admissible frequent errors and omissions in independent use.
- -To use the verbs 'to be' and 'to have' in several different contexts, still with some errors.
- -To use subordinating connectives eq. because.